

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. IV.

QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1889.

No. 23.

Business Directory.

QU'APPELLE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
G. S. Davidson, Proprietor.
LELAND HOUSE,
Love & Raymond, Proprietors.
S. H. CASWELL,
General Merchant.
J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
General Merchant.
G. H. V. BULYEA,
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, Furniture, etc.
WM. BRYDON,
Chemist and Druggist.
C. E. CULLEN,
Real Estate Agent.
HARTLEY GIBBORNE,
District Superintendent of Government Telegraphs.
JAMES WEIDMAN,
Book and Job Printer and Publisher.
A. J. BAKER,
Immigration Agent.
G. W. ROBERTS,
Meteorologist.
P. E. DURST,
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
FRANK AMAS,
Agent for Royal Silverware Co. Orders taken for any article of silverware and delivered at lowest prices.
W. H. BELL,
Wholesale and Retail Butcher. Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meat, Sausage, etc.
R. HOCKLEY,
Tombstoner Artist. Agent for Manufacturers, Life and Accident Insurance Co.
A. MCKENZIE,
Baker, Dealer in Fruits, Confectionery, etc.
J. G. MCKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor.
J. B. MILLIKEN & Co.,
Harness and Saddlery.
S. H. COLLINS,
Boots and Shoes.
D. H. McMILLAN & BRO.,
Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.
J. A. COWAN,
General Agent for A. Harris, Son & Co's Agricultural Implements, Qu'Appelle Stn.
H. A. AXFORD,
Agent for Massey Manufacturing Co. Complete farmers outfits always on hand.
A. C. PATTERSON,
Forwarder & General Agent.
THOMSON & NELSON,
Forwarders and Dealers in Building Material.
J. H. MACCAUL,
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.
A. HOLLINGSHEAD,
House, Sign and Carriage Painter.
J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor, Builder, etc.
J. BURGHALL & SONS,
Builders & Contractors.
LEESON & SCOTT,
Prince Albert Mail Stage line leaves Qu'Appelle every Tuesday morning.
R. JOHNSTON,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.
W. G. VICARS,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.
J. DOOLITTLE,
Dealer in Bricks.
J. McEWEN,
General Blacksmith.
FRANK MARWOOD,
General Blacksmith.
J. C. PRICE,
Carriage and Wagon Maker.
CANADA N. W. LAND CO.,
Leslie Gordon, Agent.
E. WISMER,
Carpenter, Dealer in Stoves and Tinware.
J. R. BURN,
Contractor in Plastering, Kalsomining, Brickwork, Stonemasonry, etc.
E. J. WEIDMAN,
Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Sewing and Sewing Machines.
G. S. DAVIDSON,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For the North-West Territories. Sales conducted on the shortest notice. Attendance can be made at my office, or at the Courthouse Office.
QU'APPELLE.
J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,
DENTAL SURGEON,
QU'APPELLE.
OFFICE on Main street, Qu'Appelle.
W. T. THOMPSON, D.T.S.,
DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND
CIVIL ENGINEER.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

LESLIE GORDON,
ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER FOR MANITOBA, &c.

Agent for Canada North West Land Co.
and Qu'Appelle Town Site.
FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE. MONEY TO LEND.
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

R. DUNDAS STRONG, B.A.,
LATE OF SUPREME COURT, ENGLAND,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Advocate for North West Territories,
Solicitor, &c.

Money to Lend. Fire, Life and Accident
Insurance effected.
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

W. SYME REDPATH,
ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
AND INSURANCE AGENT.
Box 42.
QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

SINTALUTA

Best Wheat Market
ON THE LINE.

C. G. BOOTHE,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE,

Crockery, Glassware, etc.

POST OFFICE STORE

BRICK FOR SALE

IN ANY QUANTITY

AT THE

Qu'Appelle Brick Yard.

J. DOOLITTLE.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive
Careful Attention.

J. Burghall & Sons,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS

P. O. Box 419, Qu'Appelle

Jobbing Punctually at-
tended to.

Estimates Free.

Designs furnished or Drafts made when
Required.

B. SWEARS

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE that he is pre-
pared to do horse clipping in the neat
and best manner.
The best and quickest clipper in the
Northwest if money can talk. This may be
considered a challenge.
Qu'Appelle, March 21, 1889.

The North-West.

News Culled for The Progress
by our own correspondents.

KATEPWE.

—Grand snow fall for April fool.
—Quite a stirring among land
hunters now.

—Seeding well under way and
farmers very busy.

—Henry Klyne, eldest son of
Mr. Andrew Klyne, was thrown
from a horse last week and is reported
to have broken a leg.

—It is about time for the Q. A.
Board of Trade to refer to unfinished
business and take up the question
of a road from this place to Qu'Ap-
pelle Station. There can be no
question but it would be a good
thing for the town.

INDIAN HEAD.

—Mr. T. Smith's father came up
on last Friday's express from Brace-
bridge, Ont.

—Mr. Risdale, brother of E. J.
Risdale, of Deep Lake, arrived on
Friday from Australia.

—Mrs. McKay went east last
Monday night to visit her sister
who is very seriously ill.

WAS IT A FIASCO?

The following is an account given
to the press of an affair said to have
occurred here: "A bold attempt
was made Friday night to rob the
C. P. R. and Dominion Express
company's office of a large sum of
money. The Agent, Mr. C. T.
Lewis, had just retired at 11:30,
leaving three packages of money in
charge of the night operator, W. H.
Ross, for shipment. At about mid-
night a man came to the waiting
room office door and rapped. On
opening the upper half of the door
a masked man presented a full-
cocked revolver covering Ross, say-
ing, "I want that money you have
in the drawer without a word." Ross
went to the drawer across the office
keeping his eye on the robber until
he got hold of his revolver lying in
the same drawer with the money,
then immediately and thoughtfully
blew out the lamp. Seeing this the
robber fired, just missing the opera-
tor. Ross returned his fire just
as the robber turned to go out of
the waiting room, the bullet pene-
trating the door behind him. He,
being excited, followed him to the
platform where they exchanged
shots again at ten paces. Here
Ross discovered that there were two
of them. He thinks his bullet took
effect as the robber made off. The
second bullet from the robber pene-
trated Ross's hat." Crop. Purches,
Con. Callaghan and Mr. C. John-
son went by train inside three quar-
ters of an hour after being notified.
Cons. Baugh and Messrs. Sperling
and MacCaul went on horseback.
At day break the whole party scour-
ed the country for twenty to thirty
miles. Police also came from Wol-
seley searching. No discovery of
importance has been made beyond
the fact that Ross is known to have
said that he would give Mr. Lewis
a scare. There is a strong impres-
sion that the whole thing was a
hoax, though there are some who
believe Ross's story.

The Church Missionary Society
has received information that the
missionaries in Nyanza and Asaga-
ra are safe.

A CURE FOR LUMBAGO.

That painful complaint can be
quickly cured by the right remedy.
Miss Mary Jane Gould, of Stony
Creek, Ont., says: "I was troubled
with lumbago, and could not get re-
lief until I used Haggard's Yellow Oil,
one bottle of which cured me entirely."

WOLSELEY.

—Rev. J. Halliday preached his
valedictory sermon last Sabbath eve-
ning.

—Messrs. Ingraham and Taylor
brought a carload of stock from the
east last week.

—W. Grant is visiting his pa-
rents here. He has been in Mani-
toba for the last two years, and is
now on his way to Washington Ter-
ritory.

—We are pleased to hear Mr.
Robt. Magee has taken an agency
in the Massey Company and will be
again numbered among our respect-
ed citizens.

—Several families are moving
out this summer on their farms
while others are expected from the
east and elsewhere to fill their
places in Wolseley.

—An examination was held in
the public school here on Friday af-
ternoon. A few of the parents and
friends gathered to hear the chil-
dren go through their last five
months study, and at the close the
trustees and others rendered due
praise to the teacher (Mr. R. A. Mc-
Laughry) and children for their im-
provement in writing, arithmetic,
etc., since last examination. The
fourth class excel in composition.

WOLSELEY PUBLIC SCHOOL.

The following is the standing of
the pupils:
Class v — Percy Bray, Arthur
Perley.

Class vi — Chas. Bray, Earnest
Perley, Edwin Bray, Delia Biden,
Jno. McKay, Carrie Thompson, Geo.
Grant, Burt Campbell.

Class iii — Wm. Clark, Lizzie Sut-
terland, Frank Grant, Laura Bray,
Sela Biden, Herbert Hall, Walter
Thompson, Jno. Racette.

Class ii — Wm. Mitchell, John
Clark, Robt. Clark, Pell Robinson,
Chas. Morgan, Addie Racette.

Part ii — Herbert Biden, Alice
Mitchell.

Primer — Annie Halliday, Edhel
Mitchell, Blanch Mitchell.

R. A. McLaughry,
Teacher.

MOOSOMIN.

—McFadden's Uncle Tom's Com-
pany played here Tuesday night to
a good house.

—P. D. McKinnon, of the Aetna
Insurance Company, was in town on
Tuesday of last week.

—A child of W. Galbraith's was
buried on Sunday last, and one Mal-
colm Campbell's on Saturday.

—Mr. Cockburn, of Dun, Wiman
& Co.'s agency at Winnipeg, was in
the town on Monday of last week.

—Dawson, Bole & Co., wholesale
druggists, are selling their business
here to Dr. E. H. Scott, of Moose
Jaw.

—J. A. Slater & Co. sell the bal-
ance of their furniture stock by auc-
tion on Saturday, and close out
their business.

—The Lieut.-Governor has pro-
claimed Moosomin incorporated and
nominations for a mayor and six
councillors take place on Saturday.

—Mr. John Scott is building a
residence on Ellice street. Business
in general is brisk. Over thirty car-
loads of stock and merchandise has
been received at this point during
the past week.

—At a special court held on the
3rd by Justice Wetmore, Wm. Pier-
son, held for having stolen goods in
his possession, was dismissed. Jas.
Pierison and Harry Yonds, the two
men arrested for stealing, and who
were out on bail, skipped their bail,
and have likely joined the
army of defaulters across the line.
The court ordered their bail to be
retreated.

GRENFEL.

—Mr. Routh, who left for the old
country about eight weeks ago, is
expected to return on Friday next.

—G. Greenlees, formerly of Sum-
merberry, has gone into partnership
with Mr. Brithwaite at black-
smithing.

—B. P. Richardson, M.L.A., ar-
rived from the east last week, and
Col. Lake, of Wimmerleigh Grange,
on Sunday.

—Messrs. W. and T. O. Watson
left for Halifax on Sunday, where
they take the Parisian for England.
They intend to return in a year.

—Mr. Hobson went to Brandon
Sunday morning to meet a carload
of horses which he had shipped
from Ontario. Mr. H. talks of go-
ing entirely into the shipping busi-
ness.

MOOSE JAW.

—Mr. G. M. Annable has gone
to Medicine Hat on business.

—Our new paper, the Times, is a
live sheet and the town has reason
to be proud of it.

—Mr. W. Trent returned on
Sunday from the Winnipeg Com-
mercial College to take his former
position in Mr. T. W. Robinson's
store.

—Mr. D. W. Bole, of Dawson,
Bole & Co. wholesale druggists, is
in town. This old reliable firm has
purchased the "City Drug Store"
from E. H. Scott, M. D., and intend
to run it as a branch of their Regina
business.

—Mr. Herbert Hinton, clerk in
the assistant superintendent's office,
has gone to Broadway to fill a po-
sition as assistant agent at that station.
His departure leaves a blank in
musical circles in town, as he was
one of nature's gifted ones.

—Mr. Hunter and daughter, of
Orangeville, are registered at the
Brunswick. They have been on a
trip through the country to the
coast and say that Moosejaw is the
best place they saw on the whole
route. Mr. Hunter intends to re-
turn some time next summer.

FATHER HAD QUINSY.

We find Burdock Blood Bitters ex-
cellent for weakness, and equally so
for headache. Father also suffered
severely from quinsy, which B. B. B.,
by its tonic and purifying properties,
completely cured."

YORKTON.

—Mr. R. Hopkins is to marry
Miss Florence Meredith at an early
date.

—Seeding commenced on the 25th
instant. The farmers here are put-
ting as many acres as possible under
crop.

—The town of Yorkton betrayed
unusual excitement. The reason of
this excitement was that a couple of
marriages were to be consummated,
but alas! for the expectant couples,
no clergyman appeared on the scene.
All the invited guests were assem-
bled, the house ornamented for the
hymenal proceedings; in short,
everything and everybody were fully
prepared for the event. The weary
hours whiled away, and at every
bark of the dogs anxious faces could
be seen peering through the win-
dows. Thus the day passed, but the
rev. gentleman from Church-
bridge failed to put in his appear-
ance. Finally the guests had to
disperse in bitter disappointment,
realizing in full that "there's many
a slip 'twixt cup and lip."

FEEL YOUR FEELINGS.

And on its purity largely depends the
general health. No one is free from
danger, and nine-tenths of humanity
actually do suffer from one form or
other of impure blood. No one remedy
has such a wide range of curative
power as has Burdock Blood Bitters —
the best of all blood purifiers and
tonics.

By the Famous Novelist,
H. RIDER HAGGARD.

pulled up in such a position as to command a view of the castle, and his companion, in whom George recognized a well known London auctioneer who sometimes did business in these parts, was standing up, an open notebook in his hand, alternately looking at the noble towers of the gateway and jotting down memoranda.

George thought for a minute.

"I'm thinking, squire, that if I aren't wanted that day I want to go up to Lannon."

"Go up to Lannon?" said the squire; "what do you want to do there? You were in Lannon the other day."

"Well, squire," he answered, looking inexplicably shy, "I wanted, as a matter of no consequence, to see that private agent."

"Oh, all right," said the squire, his interest dying; "you are always full of mysteries," and he continued his walk.

But George shook his fist in the direction of the road upon which the dog cart had driven.

"If you devil," he said, alluding to Mr. Quest, "if I don't make Boringham, yes, and all England, too hot to hold you, you of the said George, All give you what for, my cuckoo, that I will!"

George carried out his intention of going

And this ultimately, George was not accustomed to electric bells, indeed he had never seen one before, and after attempting in vain to pull it, with his fingers for a lever, he gave up, well because there was the word itself written on it—he as a last resource condescended to try it with his teeth. Ultimately, however, he discovered how to use it, but without result. Either the battery was exhausted, or the bell was out of gear. Just as he was wondering what to do, he made a discovery—the door was slightly ajar, he pushed it and it came open, revealing a dirty hall, stripped of every scrap of furniture. Entering, he shut the door and walked on, until he came to a door, which he laid flat after thrashing Johnnie. He opened it and listened, for he thought he heard somebody in the room; nor was he mistaken, for presently a well remembered voice shrilled out, "What's that?"

[illegible]

The woman who now presented a slightly more respectable appearance, seized the bottle, and, pouring about a wine glassful and a half of its contents into a tumbler, mixed it with an equal quantity of water and drank it off at a draught.

"That's better," she said, "and now for a satty. It's a real picnic, this is."

He handed her one, but she could not enter more than half of it, for alcohol destroys the healthier appetites, and she soon flew back to the brandy bottle.

"Now, marm, that you are a little more

"What do you want me to blow the gaff off," she said, "you're a leery old hardy, you are, for all your simple ways, and you're got some game on. I'll take no 'sax."

All the journey through he talked to her about her wrongs, till at last, what between the liquor and his artful incitements, she was so inflamed into a condition of savage fury against Mr. Quest. When once she got to this point he would let her have no more brandy, seeing that she was now ripe for his purpose, which was, of course, to use her to ruin the man who had ruined the house.

magistrates assembled in quarter sessions at

"Now," he said, "go for him like a wild cat."

"Never you fear," she said.

They dismounted from the cab and entered the court house without attracting any particular notice. The court itself was crowded with a case which had excited public interest was coming to a conclusion. The jury had given their verdict and sentence was being pronounced by Mr. de la Mole, the court clerk.

Mr. Chast was sitting next to the judge.

"The clerk says so, does he?" she answered, "and do you know who the clerk is? I'll tell you, all," and she raised her voice to a scream, "it's my husband, my lawful wedded husband, and here's proof of it," and she took out the folded certificate from her pocket and handing it so that it fell upon the desk of one of the magistrates.

Mr Quest sunk into his chair, and there was a silence of astonishment through the court.

The squire was the first to recover himself. "Silence," he said, addressing her: "silence."

When he got to his safe and sorted some papers, turning a good number of them. Two legal documents, however, caught his eye at once. One was his will, the other was in French: "Statement of the circumstances connected with Elsie."

First he looked through his will. It had been made some years ago, and was entirely in favor of his wife, or, rather of his legitimate wife, Berta.

"It may as well stand," he said aloud. "If anything happens to me she'll take about the same under it, and that was what I thought me." Taking a pen he went through

"Thank you, sir, I'm sure," said Jones, whom, his salary being a guinea a week, which he supported a wife and family, a gift of four pounds was sudden wealth.

"There is a slight resemblance, your honor," replied the astonished judge, "though, of course"—

"Then there is no use in going any further with this trial, judge," groans the stricken man, sinking into his chair. "I'm guilty."—Chicago Tribune.

Ambition's Goal.
City Business Man—At last I am rich enough to retire from business.
Friend—What are you going to do?
"I'm going to buy the old farm that I used to buy the cow on."—Pittsburgh Courier.



THE PUZZLER

No. 334.—A Hidden Proverb.
Select rightly one word from each of the following quotations and the whole will form a very common proverb:
"Preval all things; hold fast that which is good."
"With a dainty plant is the ivy green."
"Be wisely worldly; be not worldly wise."
"For me the gold of France did not seduce."
"I will know your business—that I will."
"The field yet glitters with the pomp of war."

No. 335.—A Cross Word Enigma.
My first is in hamper, but not in basket;
My second is in battle, but not in fight;
My third is in piano, but not in music;
My fourth is in muffin, but not in crumpet;
My fifth is in terragon, but not in chervil;
My whole is a thing you will find in every greenhouse.



Arrange the letters that form the names of the small pictures in the order shown by the figures and you will find three things that every boy and girl like.

No. 337.—A Curious Menagerie.
Take this menagerie for what it is worth; I am sure you will find it "the greatest on earth."

- When cold springs are over and seasons are fine,
This of real summer is always a sign.
- When this is as certain the winter to show,
When cutters with merry bells glide o'er the snow.
- Here's a kind nurse, our hospital queen!
- And here are some gloves, for a dude it would seem.
- A wife, it is said, put this in a peck
Whenever her husband she wanted to check.
- Those on his cloak a soldier should wear;
This carries a vessel right over the bar.
- Here are four castles, each ready to fight
To preserve for their king his legitimate right.
- With this the Black Prince used to cover his face;
Beau Brummel touched his with most exquisite grace.

No. 338.—Behead and Curtail.
(a) I am a fireplace—curtail me, and I am the fireplace of the body; curtail me again, and I am to distinguish sounds; behind me, and I am that which distinguishes sound.
(b) I am to detect—curtail me, and I am unwilling; behind me, and I am a vow; curtail me, and I am a grain; behead, and I am a preposition.

No. 339.—Original Arithmetic.
Example.—What number becomes even by subtracting one? Answer.—Seven.
(a) What number, by adding one, becomes sound? (b) What number, by adding one, becomes isolated? (c) What number, by inserting one, becomes finely ground meal? (d) What number, by subtracting one, becomes a vegetable growth? (e) What number, by subtracting one, becomes a preposition? (f) What number, by subtracting one, becomes an exclamation?

No. 340.—A Charade.
This is a name for a thief that our first will occur,
Or a pickpocket sly, if you should prefer;
Next's congenial, of the same nature or kind,
While the whole's a small cup for you to find.

No. 341.—Conundrums.
(a) What is that condition of life from which if you take all trouble there will yet remain some?
(b) What was it that Livingston had once, Lincoln twice and Longfellow three times, and yet each had about him all his lifetime?
(c) When does the rain become too familiar to a lady?
(d) Why may carpenters reasonably believe there is no such thing as stone?

The man who said he was down on goose must have a very small opinion of himself.

Key to the Puzzler.
No. 334.—The Graces and the Muses.
The least number that will answer this question is twelve; for if we suppose that each Grace gave one to each Muse, the latter would each have three, and there would remain three for each Grace. (Any multiple of twelve will answer the conditions of the question.)
No. 335.—A Square and a Diamond.
H O R S E A
O C E A N A P P L E
R E B U T A P P L E
S A U C E E L M
E N T E R E

No. 330.—A Love Affair:
I saw Esau kissing Kate,
The fact is all three saw;
I saw Esau, he saw me,
And she saw I saw Esau.
No. 331.—Transposition: Now-won-own-
back-Snowback.
No. 332.—Acrostic:
J ulius Caesar. L iars.
E laine. I sabella.
N apoleon. N atthan Hale.
N ewton. D irector.
Y ounge.
No. 333.—An Easy Anagram: Train.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FOR THE SPECIAL ENTERTAINMENT OF OUR GIRLS AND BOYS.

A Beautiful and Intelligent Irish Setter, Which the New York Girl Who Owns Her Says Is the Nicest Dog That Ever Lived.

A school girl writing from her home in Brooklyn to St. Nicholas, about her own pet, calls attention to an exceedingly fine race of dogs, viz, the Irish setter. The Irish setter is the most popular of all the setters, of which there are several varieties. For endurance, no setter can compare with the Irish, and they are as quick as lightning.

In appearance the Irish setter differs from the English. The head is larger and narrower. The nose is deep red or dark flesh color. The legs are long and straight. The coat is a trifle coarser and the color a deep red. But to return to the little



GLENCORA AND HER FAMILY.
maiden's letter, following is a copy of it, along with the picture of "the nicest dog that ever lived" and her family:
"I have a very beautiful Irish setter dog named 'Glencora' for a pet. Her great grandfather, 'Blarney,' is the finest Irish setter in the world.
"She is very intelligent, and knows a great many tricks. I think her cutest one is if you put a piece of meat or cake before her and tell her, 'It costs money,' she will not take it until you say, 'Paid for.' She also sits up, speaks and shakes hands. Every morning she brings my paper to me, and if she wants to go out she brings either her hat or cane to him, if they are within reach. And, altogether, we think her the nicest dog that ever lived.
"The picture which I inclose of her and her family is a perfect likeness."

An Easy Experiment in Chemistry.
Cut three leaves of red cabbage into small pieces, and after placing them in a basin, pour a pint of boiling water over them, letting them stand an hour; then pour of the liquid into a decanter. It will be of a fine blue color. Then take four wine glasses—into one put six drops of strong vinegar, into another six drops of solution of soda, into a third the same quantity of a strong solution of alum, and let the fourth glass remain empty. Fill up the glasses from the decanter, and the liquid poured into a glass containing the acid will quickly change to a beautiful red; that poured with the soda will be a fine green; that poured in with the alum will turn to a pretty purple; while that poured into the empty glass will remain unchanged.

John Dryden, the English Poet.
John Dryden, the English poet, was born in the year 1631 and died in 1700. His birthplace was in the village of Northampton. While at Westminster school he wrote some remarkably fine verses on the death of Lord Hastings. He afterwards went to Cambridge university, on the river Cam. His next poem was Cromwell's death. He was once poet laureate of England.

Sweet Little Somebody.
Somebody crawls into mamma's bed
Just at the break of day,
Snuggles up and whispers loud,
"Somebody's come to stay."
Somebody rushes through the house,
Never once shuts a door,
Seizes her playthings all around
Over the nursery floor.



CLIMB ON THE FENCE AND TEAR HER CLOTHES.
Climb on the fence and tear her clothes—
Never a fat cat's alone—
Scissors on the gate and makes mad play—
No one's somebody but
Somebody faces with rough eyes
Up through her tangled hair
"Somebody's here," she says, "but then
Somebody doesn't care."
"If she only would."
If she only would strictly obey rules all
would go well enough with a girl at school,
for in three days any school of reputation has
good reputation and "suggestions."
If she only would believe it, the average
strength and beauty of a girl does not stand

in the way of "the higher education of women."
If she only would invariably go to bed at 10 o'clock instead of sitting up "just a few minutes longer," a girl would wake next day alert and with a clear head, and those educational bugbears, "nervousness," "lassitude," "irritableness" and "insomnia" would never follow upon her next study.
If she only would not make haste at table, but sit willingly and socially through the time allotted for meals, "indigestion," another of the schoolgirl's bugbears, would never put in an appearance. Steaks, chops and roasts should be both well chewed and well chatted.
If she only would forgo little lunches and midnight spreads, eat only at table, never touch a nut, a cake, or a slice of fruit, "between meals," those other terrors of the girl student—"dyspepsia," "biliousness," "loss of appetite"—would not make her their prey.
(The girl careful in all these matters will be sure to have inevitable rules for her tablet and her out of door exercise.)—Wale Awake.

An Old Stanza.
Women have no faults,
Men have but two;
They never do what's right
Or say what's true.
Oh, naughty men, if you never
Do what's right or say what's true,
What a fool I am to love you as we do.

WHAT

SCOTT'S EMULSION
CURES
CONSUMPTION
SCROFULA
BRONCCHITIS
COUGHS
COLDS
Waiting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer.
Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. Containing the stimulating Hypophosphates and Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.
PALATABLE AS MILK.
Sold by all Druggists, etc., and \$1.00.

OVER 5,000,000 people believe that it is the largest and most reliable seed in the world.
Ferry's Seeds
D. M. FERRY & CO. are acknowledged to be the largest seedsmen in the world.
D. M. FERRY & CO.'s seeds are known to be the best in the world. They are sold in all parts of the world. They are sold in all parts of the world. They are sold in all parts of the world.
D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

PAIN KILLER
ALWAYS READY
TO ALLEViate
PAINS AND ILLS.

That Old, Reliable Killer of Pain,
Whether Internal or External,
Perry's Pain Killer should have a place in every Factory, Machine Shop and Mill, on every Farm, and in every House—hold, ready for immediate use, not only for Accidents, Cuts, Bruises, etc., but for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Dizziness, Chorea Infantum, sudden Colds, Chills, Neuritis, etc., etc. Sold everywhere.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited,
Wholesale Agents, Montreal.

—THE—
Canadian Pacific Railway
—IS THE—
Short & Direct Line
TO THE EAST.

Through trains leave Winnipeg daily except Thursdays at 10 o'clock, for
Port Arthur, London, Toronto,
Hamilton, Montreal, Kingston,
Ottawa, Portland, Quebec,
Halifax, St. John, Boston.

NEW YORK and all other points in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces and Eastern States.

No Change of Cars Between Winnipeg and Montreal.

At North Bay direct connection is made with trains of the Northern and Northwestern Railways, for Toronto and all points in Western Ontario.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE
Between Winnipeg, Montreal
Toronto.

ELEGANT DINING CARS
Attached to all through trains.

FREE RECONSTRUCTION SLEEPING CARS

When going east travel by this line and avoid unpleasant transfers and trouble in getting your baggage through the customs.

For tickets and information apply to C. P. R. City Ticket Office, 471 Main St., at the Bank GEO. H. CAMPBELL, Ticket Agent.
GEO. OLSEN, LUCAS TUTTLE,
Gen. T. M. P. & P. Ticket Agent.
Geo. T. ZIMMER, Gen'l Pass Agent.

JUST RECEIVED!

D. M. FERRY & CO'S
Flower and Garden Seeds
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
QU'APPELLE
MEDICAL HALL,
In "The Progress" Building.

A CAREFULLY ASSORTED STOCK OF
**DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,**
TOGETHER WITH A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Books, Stationery & Fancy Goods,
FORMING A FIRST CLASS DRUG & STATIONERY STORE,
Horse and Cattle Medicines a Speciality.
Physicians Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded
PRICES RIGHT.
WM. BRYDON.
(Late Examiner of the Ontario College of Pharmacy.)
Qu'Appelle, Oct. 18, 1888. **MANAGER.**

THE WANZER SEWING MACHINES!

Received the following unprecedented distinctions at the Vienna Exhibition, 1873:
TWO MEDALS OF MERIT.
A distinction not obtained by any other Sewing Machine at the Exhibition. ONE GRAND SILVER MEDAL for the best Family and Manufacturing Sewing Machine.
The Emperor of Austria conferred upon Mr. R. M. Wanzer, THE IRON CROSS, and knighted him with the order of FRANCIS JOSEPH THE FIRST, for his valuable services in the Sewing Machine business, which were the highest honors conferred at the Exhibition. Mr. Wanzer is the only Sewing Machine manufacturer in Great Britain or Colonies who received those distinguished honors.
JAMES WEIDMAN, AGENT.

50c. THE WEEKLY SUN! 50c.

INCREASED TO 12 PAGES IN SIZE
—AND REDUCED TO—
\$1.00 PER YEAR \$1.00

The WEEKLY SUN will be sent in future to any address for a period of one year for \$1.00, payable strictly in advance. In addition to this every yearly subscriber will be presented with a copy of the Valuable Historic Picture.

"THE FATHERS OF CONFEDERATION."

«A GREAT OFFER.»

THE WEEKLY SUN WILL BE SENT
From Date to the 31st December Next.
—WITHOUT THE PREMIUM, FOR—
50c. FIFTY CENTS. 50c.
ADDRESS The Sun Printing & Publishing Co., Ltd., WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

THE PROGRESS OFFICE

Turns out the NEATEST AND BEST
Book & Job Printing
OF ANY OFFICE IN THE COUNTRY.
OUR BOOK PRINTING.
Is equal to the best and speaks for itself, several books being specimens of the work done by us.
Orders by mail solicited.
ADDRESS, **JAMES WEIDMAN,**
Publisher, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Prohibition First in Politics.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in
variably in advance; single copies 5 cents.

A liberal commission will be allowed to
parties who are willing to act as agents for
us. Write for terms.

The rates for our advertising space by
contract are as follows:

	One	One	Three	One
	week	month	month	year
One column	\$7.00	\$10.00	\$20.00	\$50.00
Half column	4.00	6.00	15.00	40.00
Quarter column	3.00	4.00	10.00	30.00
Three inches	2.00	4.00	8.00	25.00
Two inches	1.50	3.00	5.00	20.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month, payable
quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction
sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings,
legal notices, or anything of a transitory
nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents
per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each
additional insertion. Yearly advertisements
allowed to be changed monthly, if offered
\$1.00 will be charged for each additional
change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty
five words, 2 cents for each additional word.

The publisher reserves the right to refuse
to insert advertisements of a questionable
or objectionable character.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1889.

PRINTING.

Under the above caption the Regina Leader gives a lengthy dissertation on the criticisms of the Northwest press on the Government printing. The article is written in a style intended to impress the uninitiated with the importance of the Leader establishment. It says in referring to the Revised Ordinances: "Few have any conception of the enormous size of the work." Then it goes on to give some figures intended to be startling, but which will make the countenance of the average practical printer expand into a broad smile. After pulling itself up to the bursting point with the multiplicity of its own figures, our contemporary suddenly collapses and comes down to the question of the prices of the printing, and says in reference to the charges of receiving exorbitant prices, "Now when this falls to the ground, the charges that have been made may reasonably be put down as having no weight." The charge has not yet, however, fallen to the ground, though the Leader tries to meet it by the following bald statement: "At no time were they (the prices) high enough to enable the office doing the work to make a profit." Surely the editor of our contemporary does not consider the public gullible enough to believe such a whopper as that. What in the name of common sense is the Leader working for? Even philanthropic institutions will not work for Governments for nothing, or at a loss. In the face of the figures received the statement is almost too absurd for sober consideration. According to the Auditor-General's report the Regina Leader got \$2.82 per page for smaller pages of the same size type than those for which THE PROGRESS received \$2.00 per page, vide the same report. This office made a profit at the lower figure, but perhaps the Leader establishment is so "effortless" that it needs a bigger price to be profitable. But the printing of the Northwest Gazette is where the trouble really comes in. Referring again to the Auditor-General's report—the Leader received \$3.60 and \$3.40 per page for the Gazette. Any well ordered printing establishment would soon amass a fortune if kept employed the year round at half those figures. But it is needless to multiply instances. These are sufficient to substantiate the charge of "exorbitant prices." The prevaricator further says: "Whenever tenders were called in the past, as they

have been several times, the Leader's figures were with few exceptions, the lowest." Tenders for printing in connection with the Northwest Government have been asked for three times and no more during the past three and a half years, and on all three occasions THE PROGRESS figures were the lowest, and this office was awarded the work. In fact our figures were making such havoc with those of the Leader that we were asked by a gentleman prominently connected with that establishment why we did not consult him as then we might have got bigger prices. But as THE PROGRESS was not built on the combine principle, we scorned the overture. As to supporting statements by affidavits, the Leader is welcome to that mode of discounting its utterances. THE PROGRESS prefers always to tell the truth and is confident by so doing it need not fear but that it will be believed. A person's or newspaper's eagerness to swear to their statements has a tendency to cast doubt upon them in the public mind.

THE SCOTT ACT.

On the 4th inst., the Canada Temperance Act was repealed by popular vote in thirteen counties in Ontario and one in Nova Scotia. The following are the majorities by which the Act was defeated:

Guelph	418
Lennox and Addington	544
St. Thomas	571
Kent	1,790
Northumberland and Durham	600
Victoria	800
Frontenac	262
Wellington	1,571
Lanark	500
Carleton	500
Ontario	600
Peterborough	430
Lincoln	500
Brant	130
Colchester	500

In the above counties and cities the Act has been in force for some years. The vote at the time of its adoption was as follows:

	For.	Against.	Majority
St. Thomas	754	743	11
Guelph	694	526	168
Brant	1,690	1,088	602
Victoria	2,492	1,477	1,015
Kent	4,373	1,905	2,468
Peterborough	1,936	1,307	629
Wellington	4,559	3,060	1,499
Carleton	2,410	1,747	663
Ontario	3,412	2,061	1,351
Colchester	1,418	184	1,233
Lincoln	—	—	570
Frontenac	—	—	641
Lanark	—	—	406

Though the result is somewhat surprising it is traceable to a variety of causes, chief of which is the lack of enforcement of the Act, and consequent contempt of its authority. When the above counties adopted the Scott Act its constitutionality was questioned and a lengthy litigation ensued. While that was going on the dealers in intoxicants generally went on selling, for they are a class that only keep a law when it is convenient or they are compelled. When the Act was decided by the highest legal tribunal to be constitutional then the question as to whether it should be enforced by the federal or provincial authorities made the act a foot ball for politicians, and it never was really enforced as it should have been. Had their been no doubt about the legality of the Act in the first instance, and if the same effort had been made to enforce it that was put forth to secure its adoption, there is very little doubt but the result would have been much different. However, the Scott Act has been tried and found wanting as a Prohibition measure, therefore Temperance men everywhere are moving for National Prohibition. Though the Scott Act may be repealed in county after county the Temperance sentiment of the Dominion continues to grow and its failure will only hasten more effectual Prohibition.

WHERE IS THE ARGUMENT?

At the risk of disgracing our columns, we transfer below a specimen of journalism from the Regina Leader. The editor of that paper will attempt to disclaim responsibility as it is a letter from a correspondent, but an editor who has any regard for common decency will not publish such scurrillity either as correspondence or otherwise. The disgracefulness of the letter will only react upon the writer, and lower him (if that is possible) in the eyes of a discriminating public, therefore it needs no answer from us, but we give it as a specimen of Leader journalism.

"MALICIOUS ATTACKS."

"To the Editor of The Leader."

"Sir, The Progress (or 'Frog') (to use the more popular title) gets very little printing from the Northwest Government just now, and things in this line look blue for the proprietor of Dorkings, Brahmas, sewing-machines, toy guns, and plagiaristic letter-press. It is no wonder therefore that this 'organ' finds itself grinding dolorous tunes over the Revised Ordinances printed at the Leader office. It is to be regretted the copy received by the 'Frog' man struck a harsh chord in his immaculate and poetic soul in consequence of 'snudge, wretchedness and unevenness of colour,' three repulsive characteristics remarkable in one individual at Qu'Appelle whose absence from Selkirk, Rat Portage and Rapid City had not the effect of 'killing' those now thriving towns. For myself and the fair-minded public of the Territories I can say the Revised Ordinances (the printing of thousands of which containing so much matter is a big undertaking even to a first-class steam press) stand in need of no 'pull' and can well defy jealous criticism. The 'Frog's' allusion to His Honor Lieut. Governor or Royal, and the 'sublime indifference of irresponsible officials' is of a piece with the attack on the ordinances. The 25th March was certainly not a Jewish holiday, but it was a Christian and a statutory one, and all public departments were closed on that day, Governor Royal's office among the rest. As to 'answers' not being sent to those who 'wrote for copies of the Ordinances' the assertion is a lie pure and simple. An enquiry at the North-West Government offices elicits the fact that no such thing occurred.

Yours, etc.,
ISRAEL."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Regina Leader is in the habit of referring to its Northwest contemporaries as "small newspapers," "little sheets," etc. They may not be spread over so much paper as the automatic bass horn that holds forth at the capital, but generally speaking they are respectable, and are not compelled to resort to scurrillity to make their columns interesting.

Reference has been made to Mr. R. B. Gordon in connection with the Revised Ordinances. We are informed on undoubted authority that he has caused the books to be sent out as fast as supplied to him, and not a single copy detained in his office over night. The Leader hastens to defend Mr. Gordon against some imagined attack lurking behind the criticism of the printing of the Revised Ordinances. When Mr. Gordon or the Lieut. Governor are attacked it is time enough to defend them. Both His Honor and the Clerk have proven themselves uniformly courteous and prompt in furnishing information and replying to correspondence.

However we may differ from the Macleod Gazette on some questions, we admire it for having the courage of its convictions and speaking right

out when it believes it in the public interest to do so. That paper in discussing the Northwest printing and the delay in issuing the Revised Ordinances, says the Government printing should be divided amongst the offices in the Territories able to do the work. Reference is of course made to other work besides the Ordinances of which there is considerable. The Gazette nor any other paper said that the printing of the Ordinances should be done in parts, but the Regina Leader with owl-like wisdom says:

"It has been suggested, with an air of innocence—not to say ignorance—quite surprising in a newspaper proprietor, that this work could have been done in sections! This is about as wise a suggestion as that one of the little newspapers referred to should be printed in small sections."

And would you believe it? The above is from a paper that is itself printed in sections—one half in Toronto and the other half in Regina.

Teacher Wanted.

FOR MOUNT PLEASANT Protestant Public School District No. 39, situated seven miles N. W. of Qu'Appelle Station, Assn. A male teacher holding 2nd class certificate. Duties to commence May 1st, 1889, to continue for one year. Apply, stating salary, etc., to

F. F. GOODWIN, Secretary.
Edgeley Farm P. O. Assn., N. W. T.,
March 21, 1889.

TREES.

NATIVE Maple for spring planting, averaging about two feet high, well rooted. Price, \$5.00 per hundred. Trees from 6 to 9 feet, 25 cents each. JOHN FOTHERINGHAM,
Sec. 34, T. 15, R. 8,
Grenfell, March 14, 1889.

Notice.

AS I HAVE retired from the Hotel business and intend going extensively into farming, I must insist upon all those indebted to me to call and settle either by cash or note.
G. S. DAVIDSON.
Qu'Appelle, March 28, 1889.

Wanted.

A DOMESTIC SERVANT. Apply, stating wages wanted, to
MRS. LE-LIE GORDON,
Qu'Appelle.
March 28, 1889.

ASTRAY.

STRAYED to the premises of the subscriber, Sec. 21, Tp. 19, R. 10, a bay mare pony with black points, about fourteen hands high.
JAS. THOMPSON,
Ellisburg P. O.,
March 29, 1889.

\$5 Reward.

LOST, a buckskin pony horse, five years old, kick on hind leg, front hoof broken. Any information leading to his recovery will receive the above reward.
S. JOHN'S COLLEGE,
Qu'Appelle, March 29, 1889.

BULL FOR SALE.

HIGH GRADE BULL, two years old, color dark red.
JOS. FESSANT,
Sec. 2, Tp. 19, R. 15,
Edgeley, March 14, 1889.

Notice to Creditors.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the estate of EDWARD DANDIES who died about the fourth day of November, 1888, intestate, are requested on or before the 4th day of May, 1889, to send in to the undersigned by letter, a statement of the nature and amount of their claims and the securities if any, held by them together with their full names and addresses. After the said day the estate will be distributed, regard being had for such claims only as the undersigned may have notice of.
Dated at Qu'Appelle Station this 4th day of April, 1889.

LESLIE GORDON,
Advocate for Administrators.

NEW BAKERY.

A. McKenzie,
QU'APPELLE.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.
Constantly on hand.
Birthday and Bride's Cakes
A SPECIALTY.

JUST ARRIVED!

One of the Largest, Best and Most Complete Stock of

Plain & Fancy Dress Goods,

IN ALL SHADES,
Prints a Specialty--Variety Large.
S. H. CASWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Merchant and Banker.
Post Office Store, Qu'Appelle.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, OF THE TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

G. S. DAVIDSON, Proprietor.

The Canada North-West Land Co.

(LIMITED.)

Offer for Sale

SELECTED FARM LANDS

In Manitoba and the North-West Territories,

Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the offices of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 75 Lombard street, London, England; 181 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

W. B. SCARTH
MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee
AGENT IN QU'APPELLE FOR LANDS AND TOWN LOTS.
LESLIE GORDON.

Newsy Notes.

The Week's News Boiled down for Progress Readers.

Advices are received from Zanzibar to the effect that news of Stanley may be expected there about the end of May.

General Boulanger telegraphs from Brussels that the report that he has been asked to leave Belgium is without foundation.

Almost the entire town of Smithfield, North Carolina, was destroyed by fire on the 8th. The loss is estimated at upwards of \$100,000.

Croft's sawmill, near Junction City, Ky., was wrecked by a boiler explosion. Chester Hughes, Jack Sheets, Al Hurley and Samuel Morris were killed.

The eldest son of Mr. John Bright, who is a Liberal Unionist, will contest the seat in the House of Commons for the central division of Birmingham, made vacant by the death of his father.

The Montreal police expedition after Morrison, the Megantic murderer, is still in the woods, having met with no success, and is not likely to, as the whole country is up in arms against them.

Rev. Chas. Warren, of Conception Bay, Newfoundland, who contracted small pox while attending the funeral of a sailor, who died of that disease, has died. His two children are also stricken with the same disease.

In reply to a question by Mr. Watson, Mr. Dewdney stated that the Government had received a report upon the claims of the Breyer half-breeds for the value of their furs alleged to have been wrongfully appropriated at Battleford.

A resolution was passed in the B. C. legislature calling the attention of the Dominion Government to the plans of the C. P. R. bridge over the Fraser river with a draw of but sixty feet, which it is claimed, will obstruct safe navigation.

Mr. Grover Cleveland was President of the United States a few short weeks ago. He has now been made a park commissioner in New York at a salary of \$10 a day. The translation is a forcible commentary upon the mutability of human greatness, not often put so convincingly.

William Stubbs, the defeated candidate for Cardwell, has made a deposit of one thousand dollars and intends to prosecute the protest to the fullest extent. His friends believe that if R. S. White be unseated that his re-election will be doubtful in Cardwell by reason of his vote on the Jesuit bill.

Mr. Charlton last Monday asked whether the Government intended introducing a measure providing for the incorporation of the Orange order. Sir John retorted that they were not. He was sorry that in consequence Mr. Charlton would not be able to vote against it as he had done on two previous occasions.

The B. C. legislature having granted a charter to the Canadian Western railway, to be built from a point on Butte Inlet to the boundary line in British Columbia through the Yellowhead pass of the Rockies, it is understood the company will ask a land grant of forty miles wide in alternate sections within the province.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 8.—A startling discovery has been made here that all the Scott Act repeals on Thursday last were all illegal and void owing to the fact that the voters' lists used were the new lists of names set up at the printing bureau. These, however, are mere proof sheets, bearing no imprint of authority. They were not revised and are in no sense legal voters' lists. The proof-sheet usurped the functions of revising lister. The clerk of the Crown in Chancery admits that the new lists were used in every instance of Thursday's contests, and Hon. R. W. Scott, Q. C., is of opinion that every repeal carried that day is void and there seems no doubt of it.

Ex-King Milan has started on a tour of six weeks' duration in Palestine.

John Hallam has received a letter from the Japanese ambassador at Washington, asking for all information possible in regard to the Toronto public library. Free public libraries are being established in Japan.

It has now been definitely settled that the visit of the German Emperor is to take place at the end of June, when the Queen is at Cowes. A flotilla of eight German ironclads will accompany him, and he will be welcomed by his grandmother officially as Emperor, although it is improbable that he will come to London. Naval manoeuvres on a large scale are likely to take place during his stay. Count Herbert Bismarck comes with him.

The railway resolution will be brought down at the close of the present week. Although there have been over 100 applications, very few grants will be made. The chief subsidy will in all probability be to the St. Clair frontier tunnel company which is constructing a tunnel between Sarnia and Port Huron. The subsidy granted by the Government will be 15 per cent of the actual cost which, as the cost is estimated at about two and a half millions, will be about \$375,000.

A bad shooting accident took place at Brandon on the 8th, which may prove fatal. It seems two young men named J. S. Mullern and A. M. Robinson were shooting gophers near the Crown brewery, south of the city, when Robinson's pistol went off accidentally just as he was pulling it out of his pocket, the ball entering Mullern's left thigh. Drs. Fleming, Macdonald and Spencer were summoned, but as yet the probing for the bullet has proved fruitless. Mullern came to Brandon from Stanstead, Que. last fall.

A FRIGHTENED MOTHER.

"My little girl, 4 years old, frightened me one night by a creepy cough, but I gave her a dose of Haggard's Yellow Oil, which relieved her at once, and she slept well all night. I have since used it in several cases of croup, frost bites, etc., and find it always reliable." Mrs. Eva Bradley, Virden, Man.



NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "Tenders for the supply of Beef" will be received at this Office, up to noon of Tuesday, the 9th May, 1889, for the supply, during the proximate fiscal year, of any proportion, not less than 3,000 lbs. of the following quantities of Fresh Beef, to be delivered of the quality required by and in accordance with the custom of the Department, full particulars of which, together with forms for tender, can be obtained from this or any of the undemonstrated Agency Offices:

Battleford	600 lbs.
Fort Belknap	900 "
Moore Mountain	7549 "
Crooked Lakes	24606 "
Assiniboine	18926 "
The Hills	24360 "
Muskegon River	42690 "
Tongue River	46357 "
Duck Lake	34017 "
Carlton (Mistowasis Reserve)	28305 "
Battleford	75168 "
Union Lake	29325 "
Saddle Lake	29020 "
Edmonton (Stony Plain)	42815 "
Peace Hills (Battle River)	41295 "
Industrial Schools	27000 "
Battleford	37225 "

Each Tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque in favor of the undersigned or its equivalent in cash, for five per cent of its value, which will be forfeited if the party tendering fail to enter into, or to furnish approved security for the fulfillment of a contract, when called upon to do so, for the whole or any portion of his tender, or to complete the same. Securities for rejected tenders, or satisfactorily completed contracts will be returned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

HAYTER REED,
Commissioner.
Indian Office,
Regina, March, 1889.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN & Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

Harness & Saddlery
WHIPS.
CURRY COMBS.
HORSE BRUSHES.
BELLS.
BLANKETS.
SPURS.
TRUNKS.
VALISES.
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Mortgage Sale

OF VALUABLE FARM LANDS IN DISTRICT OF ASSINIBOIA, N. W. T.

Under Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage (which will be produced at the time of sale), there will be offered for sale, by public auction, by Geo. F. Dunn, Esq., Auctioneer, at his sale rooms, in the Town of Moosemin, N. W. T., on Tuesday, 30th day of April, A. D. 1889, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

The South half of Sec. fourteen, in Township sixteen, in Range thirteen, West of the second principal meridian in the North-West Territories of Canada.

This land is on Deep Lake, South of Indian Head Station on the C. P. R., and contains 240 acres, 30 acres of which have been cultivated. On the property there is a log house.

For further particulars, terms and conditions of sale made known on day of sale, or on application to Auctioneer, or to ANDREWS & ANDREWS, Vendor's Solicitors, Winnipeg.

Dated 5th April, 1889.

Mortgage Sale

OF FARM LAND IN THE DISTRICT OF ASSINIBOIA, N. W. T.

Under the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage (which will be produced at the time of sale) there will be offered for sale by public auction, by Geo. F. Dunn, Auctioneer, at his sale rooms, in the town of Moosemin, N. W. T., on Tuesday, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1889, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

The North East quarter of Section sixteen, in Township eighteen, Range nine, West of the second meridian in the North-West Territories of Canada.

This farm is situated on the bank of the Qu'Appelle River, North of Summerby Station on the C. P. R., and contains 160 acres, of which 30 acres have been cultivated. On the property there is a frame house, log stable and granary.

Further particulars, terms and conditions of sale made known on day of sale on application to Auctioneer, or to ANDREWS & ANDREWS, Vendor's Solicitors, Winnipeg.

Dated 5th April, 1889.



NOTICE.

To Millers and others in the North-West Territories and throughout Manitoba.

SEALED TENDERS, accompanied by One Hundred Pound Samples of Flour, endorsed "Tender for Flour" or "for both," will be received at the office of the Indian Commissioner at Regina, up to noon of Tuesday, the second of April, 1889. Forms of tender giving full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of the flour and bacon required, may be had on application to the Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, to the Indian Commissioner for Manitoba and the North-West Territories at Regina, or to E. McColl, Indian Office, Winnipeg; no tender will be entertained unless it is made on one of these forms. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, for at least five per cent of the amount thereof, which will be forfeited if the tenderer declines to enter into a contract based on this tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to fulfil his contract to the satisfaction of the Department. If the tenderer prefers to do so he may deposit with the Indian Commissioner or E. McColl, Winnipeg, in lieu of an accepted cheque, the notes of any Chartered Bank in Canada to an equal amount. Cheques or Cash accompanying tenders not accepted will be returned, but a cheque deposited by a successful tenderer will be retained until the satisfactory completion of his contract. Each tenderer is required to show in his tender the full value of all the flour or bacon which he is prepared to deliver under contract, or his tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract. Tenders will be entertained for a portion or for the whole quantity of flour or bacon required at any given point.

Samples of flour will be returned if desired, to unsuccessful tenderers at their own expense on their application, and the sample submitted by a successful tenderer may be returned by him as a delivery on account of his contract.

In all cases where transportation may be partly by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for their flour or bacon to be forwarded at once from railway stations to its destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest, or any tender, not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs,
Dept. of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 23rd February, 1889.

The time for receiving, at the office of the Indian Commissioner at Regina, tenders for Flour and Bacon, is hereby extended from Tuesday, the 2nd April, 1889, to Tuesday, the 16th April, 1889.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent,
General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 20th March, 1889.

The Union Credit Protective Association.

FOR Province of Manitoba, North West Territories and British Columbia, or any part of the United States. Main office, 455 Main Street, Winnipeg, Man. Character—To make people pay their bills who can and won't. Changing their names, or moving, etc., no longer having Attorneys in every town, are very easily found out. U. E. COLLINS, Gen'l Manager. J. LESLIE GORDON, Solicitor, Qu'Appelle.

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FOUR NEW STATES.

South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana and Washington.

On February 22, 1889, the President signed the bill creating South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, and Washington states of the Union.

South Dakota.—The great Prairie State, in which the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway has three main lines reaching Mandala, Aberdeen, Huron, Watertown, and Sioux Falls. Go to South Dakota via St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway not pass through St. Paul and Minneapolis en route.

North Dakota.—Where is grown No. 1 Hard Scotch Flax wheat; whose healthful climate nurtures the most vigorous and brainy civilization on earth; where single counties raise more wheat, oats and barley than entire states; the soil of whose fertile prairies is richer than the valley of the Nile; where the Turtle Mountain, Minot, Devil's Lake land districts invite the home-seeker to secure a free home. Magnificent daily train service to Fargo, Grand Forks, Grafton, Devils Lake, Bottineau, and all other important points.

Montana, the golden.—Treasures in her mines of precious metals; wealth in her 1,000,000 head of live stock; profit in her fertile fields, producing a larger yield of crops than any other state or territory; the richest country per inhabitant on earth where property is universal; which has the best paid labor in the world; a balmy winter climate, caused by warm winds from the Pacific. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway is the only railroad passing through a continuous agricultural country from St. Paul and Minneapolis to the Rocky Mountains. It runs through the Great Reservation of 180,000,000 acres of land, free to settlers, in the Milk River Valley. Wood, water, and coal in abundance; no irrigation required; the only line passing through Great Falls, with its 1,000,000 horse-power cataraacts; immense coal veins, and surrounding farming country of free land; through Helena, the capital city and commercial centre of Montana, and Butte, the richest mining camp on earth, to San Francisco by the Columbia River Valley, Portland and Shasta Route, or Ogden, Utah, to California points. Remember this is the only line running dining cars, sleeping cars, and free colonist sleepers of its own from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Great Falls, Helena and Butte. It is also the shortest line to Butte.

Washington.—The country of tall timber indent by Puget Sound, the Mediterranean of the Pacific. Do not forget that the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway is the only line which offers a choice of three routes to the Pacific coast. The Manitoba Pacific route is the only line by which passengers en route for Tacoma, Portland and San Francisco can pass through Port Townsend and Seattle. Free colonist sleepers run through without change of car. Distance to the Pacific Coast is same as by other lines, but prices of tickets are five and ten dollars less. Take the Seattle route.

For further information, maps, rates and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. L. WINTERS, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P. M. & N. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

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FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1889.

TRANSFER OF MINISTERS.

Toronto Empire.
The Transfer Committee of the General Assembly of the Methodist Church met in the Metropolitan church to arrange the transfers for the present year. There were present: Dr. Williams (in the chair) Dr. Carman, Dr. Stafford, Revs. M. L. Pearson, Bay of Quinte; J. W. Sparling, Montreal; C. H. Paisley, Prince Edward Island; J. L. Coffin, Nova Scotia; J. Richardson, Guelph; H. Maxwell, Niagara; James Graham, London, and Thos. Argue, Manitoba.

Rev. Dr. Stafford was elected secretary, after which the president read the list of applications for transfer into the various conferences. The name of John Logeland was added to the list for Manitoba, although his application was received later than the 10th of March, the date on which applications should have been in. It was resolved that all transfers take effect at the close of the conference from which the transfer should take place.

LIST OF TRANSFERS.

The whole afternoon was taken up with making the appointments, and the following is a complete list of the transfers:

W. Scott, Bay of Quinte to Toronto; P. Sparling, Guelph to Toronto; J. H. Holmes, Guelph to Toronto; J. B. Rice, Toronto to London; J. W. Andrews, Bay of Quinte to London; J. Woods, London to Niagara; R. Johnston, Guelph to Bay of Quinte; J. Davies, Bay of Quinte to Montreal; E. Crumrine, to Toronto; J. V. Smith, to Toronto; S. T. Bartlett, to Toronto; A. C. Crews, Niagara to Manitoba; John Stewart, Montreal to Manitoba; J. J. Leach, Bay of Quinte to Manitoba; J. A. Missel, Montreal to Manitoba; J. W. Sparling, Montreal to Manitoba; F. J. Oaten, Toronto to Manitoba; W. R. Jamieson, Toronto to Manitoba; C. A. Proenier, Niagara to Manitoba; J. Runions, Montreal to Manitoba; S. R. Brown, Montreal to Manitoba; W. D. Mismor, Niagara to British Columbia; J. P. Heald, Newfoundland to Nova Scotia; J. Leary, Bay of Quinte to London; A. L. Dalton, Toronto to London; A. C. Courtice, Toronto to London; L. Bond, Montreal to London; James Aude, Montreal to Niagara; J. Jackson, Manitoba to Niagara; Dr. Henderson, Montreal to Guelph; L. H. Griffith, Toronto to Bay of Quinte; J. M. Hodson, London to Bay of Quinte; J. P. Rose, Niagara to Montreal; J. Davies, Bay of Quinte to Montreal; Wm. Harris, Niagara to Montreal; G. Reynolds, Bay of Quinte to Montreal; Dr. Ryckman, London to Montreal; J. M. Tredey, Prince Edward Island to Montreal.

THE DESUIT QUESTION.

After the ordinary business had been disposed of, advantage was taken of the presence of so many prominent clergymen to test the feeling concerning the Desuit question, and the following resolution was proposed and adopted:

We, the General Superintendents of the Methodist Church of the Dominion of Canada, and the Presidents of the Annual Conferences, without assuming to speak for any other man's conscience or intelligence, and with only the desire to obtain righteous ends by rightful means, deem it our duty to protest against the aggressions of the Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church, which we believe are to the serious prejudice of our civil and religious liberty. More especially in the recent acts for the incorporation of the Jesuits, a society which has been suppressed in Great Britain, and again and again disqualified to hold property within British territory, and which has also been expelled from nearly all civilized lands because of its influence in the subversion of Government, and the corruption of morals, and which for similar and other

causes was abolished by the Pope himself. We further protest against the recognition of the authority of the Pope in any civil affairs of a British Province, as we believe to be the case in this Act respecting the settlement of the Jesuit Estates, and further against the appropriation of the public funds to ecclesiastical and sectarian uses as a discrimination betwixt religious bodies, and subversive of the principle of the separation of Church and State as recognized in the British North America Act, and further, we desire to declare that our aid and influence shall be given to all efforts to test the constitutionality of these Acts before the proper tribunals, and we cannot but express our deepest regret that the House of Commons in its recent vote on this question should have manifested so little regard to the petitions asking for disallowance, and to the strong expressions of feeling from influential bodies in various parts of the Dominion. In putting forth this moderate our convictions on these important matters we disclaim any and every intention to interfere with the full rights of our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens in civil and religious affairs. We appeal to the history of Methodism as to our advocacy and guardianship of equal rights to all. We desire the peace and prosperity of our commonwealth, and must cast on the aggressors the responsibility for the disasters, which we gravely apprehend, ever confident that Protestantism in the fear of God will stand for the liberty of the subject, the honor of the Crown and the full freedom of worship according to the dictates of the conscience under the sense of personal responsibility and in the exercise of individual right.

BERLIN WOOL, A PREVENTATIVE OF SORE THROATS.

According to Mr. H. V. Knages (Archives of Pediatrics), a few threads of Berlin wool placed around the neck and worn continuously are an efficient preventative against these uncommoding complaints, which many persons are so prone to catch on exposure to cold. From ten to twenty threads are enough for the purpose. They should only be removed for making ablutions, and should be left off gradually by discarding daily one thread at a time. The remedy probably acts by keeping up a belt of skin action, thus acting mildly and continuously as a slight counter-irritant.

Montreal Herald: The Local Government of New Brunswick have decided upon abolishing Government House as an official residence. After the present year no appropriation will be voted for its maintenance. This means that the Lieut. Governor will have to provide an official residence at his own expense (if he wants one) or ask the Dominion Government to provide him with one. The Local Government may possibly provide him with an office in the Provincial buildings, where he can attend to such official duties as may be required from time to time.

Toronto Mail: In reply to numerous enquiries, we beg to say that the Mail Printing Company has been served with the usual writ in the libel suit instituted by the Jesuit Society against this journal for reprinting from an American journal the so-called Desuit oath. The case is now in the hands of the lawyers on each side, and so far as the Mail is concerned, will be brought to trial at Montreal without any unnecessary delay. The oath matter is, of course, a mere side issue in the controversy. The Mail will raise the main question as to the constitutionality of the Acts incorporating the Desuit Society and setting apart a sum of public money for its endowment subject to the disposition of the Pope of Rome.

THE SAFE PLAN.

When suffering from a troublesome cold, a hacking cough, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, or other form of throat or lung trouble, is to use Hagar's Pectoral Balm to loosen the phlegm and soothe and heal the inflamed mucous surfaces. It cures where others fail.

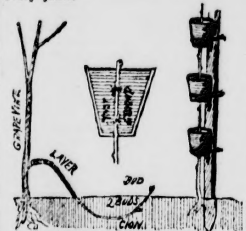
ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

POPULAR GARDENING AND FRUIT GROWING.

The Propagation of Grape Vines by Cuttings, Layerings and Graftings—A somewhat Novel Method of Rooting Vines Is Described with Illustration.

The easiest and most simple mode of propagating the grape vine is by cuttings planted in the open ground. It can be successfully followed with the majority of the Labrusca and Cordifolia varieties and a few of those from the Estivalia, although the latter will not take root readily and had better be propagated by layering and grafting.

To layer a vine the usual mode consists in shortening in the canes of the last season's growth to about one-half their length; then, early in the spring, prepare the ground by thoroughly pulverizing it. Make a small furrow, bend down the cane and fasten it firmly with wooden hooks or pegs. Cane may be left thus till the young shoots have grown from six to twelve inches, then fill up around them with fine soil. Cane thus layered will generally strike roots at every joint.



The advantages of grafting the vine are the facility by which new varieties may be rapidly increased by grafting on healthy old vines; the short time in which fruit can be obtained of new varieties; the facility by which vines of worthless varieties can be changed into valuable bearing vines; and last, the propagation of varieties that will not grow readily from cuttings. The vine, however, does not graft on a cane that has been as the apple and pear, and to secure success it is usually grafted below the ground. In the accompanying cut is illustrated a somewhat original method, vouched for by a correspondent in Rural New Yorker, who has grafted with success grape vines in the way here illustrated. He takes a scion with three buds and whips grafts it on a cane that he lays on the ground with two buds in the ground and one out of it, as seen at Fig. 1. Of course this is not for professionals, they have propagating houses; but amateurs may find it useful. Another way suggested by the same correspondent is shown at Fig. 2. String four inch flower pot on a cane, leaving one or two buds between the pots. Fill the pots with soil; keep it moist. Cut in July and each will have roots. The pots must be tied to a post and may rest on nails in a post. This method can be used with other plants, such as roses.

Grafting the Cherry.
Professor Budd, of Iowa, in a recent bulletin states that he succeeds in grafting the cherry, provided the buds of both scion and stock have equally started in spring, so as to show the points of the embryo leaves. This applies to root grafting, the stocks being taken from the cellar. He succeeds in this way with over 80 per cent. His advice when the work is deferred until the buds on the stocks are well started that the scions should be about equally advanced, and that in late spring grafting he has failed almost entirely with scions kept dormant. The Country Gentleman says: In our own experience with grafting stocks in the ground, where they grow, we have found it vitally important to do the work early—before the buds of both stock and graft have in the least swollen; and have not lost one in fifty when grafted before the snow had all disappeared.

Materials for Mulching Plants.

Professor Beal, who has made several experiments to determine the best materials for mulching strawberries and other plants, gained results that led to the conclusion that the preferred mulch is chopped straw. He finds a thick coat of manure excellent for bedding plants. He tried old clover hay, and had a fine crop of clover plants to kill the next spring. Hay gives a similar result in a young crop of grass. Straw badly threshed furnishes in the summer a young crop in the garden. Forest leaves held down by stalks, gradually blew away during winter, and the corn stalks alone remained in the spring after an open winter. Pine needles worked into the soil proved a nuisance, and the same objection existed with tan bark. Clean straw, old or new, or cedar leaves cut two inches long, less or more, answered the best purpose.

There is no work that it will pay the horticulturist better to do than thinning fruit.

For a cabbage, both early and late, Vick's is in great praise of the variety called All Season, or Golden Wonder.

The orange crop in Florida is reported to be the largest ever grown.

Robert Manning was appointed secretary and librarian of the Massachusetts Horticultural society at the late annual meeting.

GARDENING FOR PROFIT.

Points to be Observed by Market Gardeners.

The situation and laying out of a truck garden is a matter of importance. Whenever possible a level spot should be selected, but if there be any slope let it be to the south. Shelter is of great importance in producing early crops, and if a position can be found where the wind is broken off by woods or hills to the north or northwest, such a position is very desirable. In the absence of a natural protection, forcing and framing grounds ought to be protected with high board fences or other device. The most convenient shape of a garden is a square or oblong form. If square, Peter Henderson advises that a road twelve feet wide be made through the center, intersected by another road of similar width. But if oblong, one road of the same width running through the center in a plot will be sufficient.

The variety of soil most valued by market gardeners is an alluvial saline deposit, overlying a subsoil of sandy loam. A lighter soil, in which sand predominates over the loam and laying on a subsoil of pure sand, is admirably adapted to melons, cucumbers, sweet potatoes, radishes and tomatoes, but would be almost useless for growing onions, cabbages or celery. The least valuable soil for vegetables is a clayey loam under which is a subsoil of stiff bluish clay. With a subsoil of this description it is almost useless to attempt to grow early vegetables for market. Efficient drainage, either natural or provided, with careful preparation by plowing and harrowing, and judicious and plentiful manuring, will render fertile enough to produce good crops almost any soil.

Manure is an indispensable factor of success in market gardening and must be applied in larger quantities than in any other branch of agriculture. Stable manure is a complete fertilizer, and is, of all, the most to be relied upon by the market gardener. Peter Henderson, in his Gardening for Profit, says the manure of horses is most valued as considered weight for weight, worth about one-quarter more than that of cows or hogs; on stiff soils it is of much more benefit as a pulverizer. Cow manure, which is not so subject to loss by heating as is horse manure, is considered by Oensler (southern authority on truck farming) as more valuable than that of the horse, particularly when the cow has had nutritious food. Next to barn yard manures wood ashes is one of the most valuable of home fertilizers. Numbered with most desirable fertilizers of commerce are: Bonian guano, bone dust, dried blood, fertilizer and the various brands of superphosphates.

All truck gardeners must be well supplied with cold frames and hot beds. The first are profitably used for preserving cauliflower, cabbage and lettuce plants during the winter and forwarding them to the market in spring and summer. Cold frames are also used by some for sowing the seeds of cauliflower, cabbage and lettuce, instead of hot beds. The boxes or frames used by Henderson are simply two boards running parallel and nailed to posts to secure them in line. The one for the back is 12 or 18 inches wide and that for the front 7 or 8 inches. The length of the box or frame is regulated by the position in which it is placed. The sashes should face, when possible south or southeast.

The Cosmos and Pyrethrum.

In making out lists of seeds, include two of the less common, hardy flowers, the cosmos and pyrethrum of various colors. The garden border has nothing in the hardy flowers to surpass them, and they are as easily grown as weeds. The pyrethrum stands the hardest winters unhurt provided a layer of sand is placed about the crowns in autumn to keep slugs from eating them. It flowers the second year from seed, but is easily grown from root cuttings and side shoots. The seed of double varieties always give double flowers, and the finest ones are as full as the roundest chrysanthemum. The semi-double white rose and red pyrethrum in pots make a pretty group for the flower stand.

Forced Asparagus.

Every family owning a garden should have forced asparagus for their own use, at least. Plants should be three years old before they are fit to force, but the older they are the better for this purpose. A bed of fermenting manure with a layer of rich soil on the top receives the plants taken up with all the earth about their roots, and set in rows as possible. American Garden estimates that two sashes will cover 400 plants for forcing, and as these may be reckoned for at least 200 bunches of "grass," at thirty to fifty cents each, the profit is manifest.

The American Pomological Society.

Extensive preparations have been made by the pomologists of the south for the reception of the northern members of the American Pomological society at the twenty-second biennial session of this national society, which begins Feb. 20 at Ocala, Fla. While the society offers no premiums for exhibition of fruits, several special prizes are offered by the Florida Horticultural society for exhibits to be made at the meeting. The usual awards of Walter medals will be made for objects of special merit. Prosper J. Berckmans, Augusta, Ga., is the president of the association, and A. A. Crozier, Ames, Ia., the secretary.

"A very large orchard requires a large capital to run it," according to Dr. Hocking.

Profitable Plums.
At the last American Pomological society meeting Dr. Hocking, of Vermont, said that "Moore's Arctic" was the only hardy plum he had. It is also claimed to be curculio proof. President Berckmans believes that the "Kelsey Japan" will not prove popular further north than the 38th parallel, but it is a promising variety for the south.

Here and There.

An admirer of the Danes Hovey pear says it might well be called the "winter seckel."

Seedsmen's catalogues again claim attention. Many of these are veritable guides, and novices especially will find them useful. Most of them are mailed free of charge on written application when a postage stamp is sent for return postage.

The making of perfume from fresh flowers is becoming an established industry in our southern states.

The barberry has practical value as well as beauty to recommend it and is strongly indorsed by many as a hedge plant.

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TONIC ELIXIR
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The Largest and Most Complete
Hotel west of St. Paul.
Hot and Cold Baths on each floor. Large and Comfortable Sample Rooms for Commercial Men. Passenger Elevator. One of the best in the West.

Sunday School Lessons.

On account of delay in the receipt of the Sunday School Lessons we could not give them at the proper time. We therefore issue three of them this week in order to make the series complete and give a single opportunity for the study of future lessons.

THE TRIUMPHAL ENTRY.

LESSON I, SECOND QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, APRIL 7.

Text of the Lesson, Mark x, 1-11—Committee Verses 8-10—Golden Text, Zeck. ix, 9—Commentary by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

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1. "And when they came night to Jerusalem, unto Bethpage and Bethany, at the Mount of Olives, for healing the blind man as He passed through Jericho, He tarried at the house of Zacharias, and spoke the parable of the nobleman and his servants, in which He taught them that the kingdom of God would be bestowed on the Holy Spirit, and that the Son of Man should return from the far country, arriving at Bethany and Him at supper in the house of Simon the Leper, Martha, Mary and Lazarus all being present, and Mary anoints Him with ointment for His burial. (Luke xix, 28-44; Matt. xxi, 1-9; John xxi, 1-19.) Then follows that in which we see Him fulfilling the prophecy written in Zeck. ix, 9. For He came to fulfill the law and the prophets, to fulfill all righteousness. (Matt. v, 17, 18; John i, 45.) In the last week of His earthly ministry, generally called Passion Week, and is about to present Himself to His people, the Jews, as their King, for the last time. As we see Him, anointed with ointment, going about doing good, we are apt to think of Him only as Jesus our Saviour, on His way to the cross, moving forth in His life the love and power of God; but if we would understand the Scriptures we must not lose sight of this great fact: He is Israel's Messiah and as such is ever fulfilling before their eyes the Scriptures of their prophets, that they may be without excuse for rejecting Him; and that since their rejecting of Him as their king, and His consequent setting them aside as His people for a time, He is now in the interim between His sixtieth and seventieth week gathering out from Jew and Gentile that new company, the one body, His church—a mystery kept secret from the foundation of the world, but revealed unto the apostles. (Eph. iii.)

2. "Go your way, into the village over against you." Very often our work is just against you. Our own house or town or village, or among those nearest to us, and if we are unwilling to do the next thing, or reject the opportunity, we shall never be able to do it. It is a small one, He may see fit to give us nothing else to do, and we stand idle or vainly seeking work agreeable to us, because we will not do that which He has appointed. When the workman has finished the walls of Jerusalem it was again and again that certain ones repaired "by his house" or "over against his house or church." (Neh. iii, 10, 28-30.) As soon as we are entered into it, He is ready to see us as we start forth in His Name, ready to do whatever our hands find to do, we find the work all ready for us and nearer to hand than we thought.

3. "Go your way, into the village over against you, and buy you a colt, whereon never man sat, loose him and bring him." While Mark and Luke mention only the colt, Matthew mentions two animals, "an ass and a colt with her." Just as Samuel called by the Spirit of God, he perfect in knowledge, met that day, and what each one would have, and say, and do. (1 Sam. x, 1-7.) So the same Spirit in Jesus Christ knew just where these animals would be found; that the Spirit of God is perfect in knowledge. (Job xxvi, 4.) He is ever true before to teach us all things. (John xiv, 17, 26.) In one sense He needs not anything, seeing that He gives to all life and health, and all things. (Acts xvii, 25.) He is pleased to use weak and foolish things in accomplishing His purposes. If He only finds them willing and ready to His hand, He will use them. The owner of these animals is surrendering them to the Lord so cheerfully, and the readiness of Simon to let Jesus have the use of his ass and to wait upon Him (Luke v, 1-10) rather than to let the Lord use him, is a willingness to place ourselves and all that we are and have at His disposal.

4. "They went their way, and found the colt tied by the door without, in a place where two ways lay, and loosed him." They found even as He had said unto them. (Luke xxi, 3.) We will always find it, both in this world and in the world to come, just as He says, and there is no way we can honor Him like believing and obeying, and doing without questioning. "I believe God, He will do even as it was told me" (Acts xxi, 20.) Is a grand life motto for every Christian, remembering also the blessings upon those who believe. (John iv, 40.)

5. "They said unto him even as Jesus had commanded." Where the word of a king is there is power. (Job xli, 4), and then we go in His name bearing His cross, we have only to yield His word faithfully, and it will not return to Him void. (Isa. xlii, 2, 3, 4, 5.) The results which He intends to accomplish are sure to come, the responsibility of the messenger is to get the message correctly and deliver it plainly and faithfully in His name. As these two men sought something for Jesus and for His use, so we are to seek souls and souls, not for ourselves, but for Him who never serves.

6. "They brought the colt to Jesus, and cast their garments on him, and He sat upon him." There were two animals and two men, why did the men not get the ass and bring upon them? They would have been appropriating to their own use that which they had obtained for the Lord.

7. "Gentlemen and branches—strewn in the way." These things are submission and abasement on the part of the men, which was so short, lived, point us to the time when all things shall be submitted unto Him (1 Cor. x, 28, 29) and we must be as we wish to be. (1 Cor. x, 28, 29.) The first word being made up of two words, signifying that we have now become one. In the same

way we find it written, "The stone which the builders refused is become the headstone of the corner," and when the headstone shall be brought forth with shoutings, crying, "Grace, grace unto him," then shall this song of praise be sung, not as it was that day, but sincerely. His own words to them a little later in the week were, "Behold, your house is left unto you desolate, for I say unto you, ye shall not see me henceforth, ye shall see it, Blessed is He that cometh in the name of the Lord." (Matt. xxi, 45, 46.)

8. "The little children and the poor and needy are those who receive blessing from Him." While the proud, self-satisfied, fault-finding religious ones get nothing, as we come to Him realizing our need and our utter helplessness, and coming thus as little children, we shall know of His fullness and exceeding grace.

THE REJECTED SON.

LESSON II, SECOND QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, APRIL 14.

Text of the Lesson, Mark xii, 1-12—Committee Verses 6-8—Golden Text, John i, 11—Commentary by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

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1. "And He began to speak unto them by parables." This is one of many parables and discourses which he spoke in the temple and on the Mount of Olives. On Wednesday, the fourth day in Passion week, He will give help in our study of the Bible if we remember that God is represented as dealing chiefly with two classes of people, the Jew and the Gentile, and the church or called out company from Jews and Gentiles, through them He may in due time bring blessing to the whole earth. The greater part of the Old Testament and the Gospels in the New Testament tell us of God and His dealings with Israel through priests, kings and prophets, and finally through His Son; the calling out of the church and her present relation to the world is told in the Acts of the apostles and in the Epistles, while the Revelation of Jesus Christ gathers together and shows the consummation of the history of Israel and the church resulting in blessing to the whole earth.

2. "A certain man planted a vineyard," so say Mark and Luke, while Matthew calls him "a certain householder." (Matt. xxi, 33.) From Luke xix, 1-10, we learn that the vineyard was the Lord of Hosts in the house of Israel, and the men of Jewish blood. 3. "He sent a servant that He might receive the fruit." Surely this was reasonable, after He had been so long loving care upon them. The servants were the prophets, as it is written, "I sent unto you all my servants, the prophets" (Jer. xlii, 4); and the fruit He expected was righteousness and obedience and a new heart. 4. "The servants were sent, and they were rejected, and they were killed." 5. "He sent his only son, whom he loved, and they killed him." 6. "He will send him again, and he will kill him." 7. "He will send him again, and he will kill him." 8. "He will send him again, and he will kill him." 9. "He will send him again, and he will kill him." 10. "He will send him again, and he will kill him." 11. 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QU'APPELLE OBSERVATORY.

Readings of the thermometers for the week ending Wednesday, April 10th, 1889:

	6 a.m.	1 p.m.	6 p.m.
Thursday, April 4	28	42	38
Friday, April 5	29	46	32
Saturday, April 6	30	48	32
Sunday, April 7	34	55	58
Monday, April 8	32	64	61
Tuesday, April 9	33	64	64
Wednesday, April 10	39	65	69

	6 a.m.	1 p.m.	6 p.m.
Thursday, April 4	sw 6	calm	sw 6
Friday, April 5	sw 6	sw 20	sw 16
Saturday, April 6	sw 10	calm	sw 10
Sunday, April 7	sw 6	sw 8	sw 6
Monday, April 8	sw 8	sw 12	calm
Tuesday, April 9	sw 7	sw 20	w 6
Wednesday, April 10	sw 10	sw 4	calm

The Qu'Appelle Progress

The Leading Paper in East Assiniboia.

Only \$1.00 a Year in Advance.

FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1889.

When Nellie's Husband Sat Down.



Mrs. Brown—Told me Nellie, was your husband much embarrassed when he proposed to you?
Mrs. Youngblood—Not nearly so much as he was after the bills for our wedding reception came in.—Boston Transcript.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—Grass growing green.
—Prairie crocuses in bloom.
—Wild ducks and geese numerous.

—Qu'Appelle Masonic Lodge met on Tuesday evening last.

—The brass band are expected to serenade the town this evening.

—The traffic on this division of the C.P.R. is very heavy at present.

—His Lordship Bishop Anson was expected by this morning's train.

—The Qu'Appelle Hunt held a meet Tuesday and held another today.

—Mr. A. J. Baker came up from Brandon and remained here over Monday.

—Dr. O. C. Edwards has erected a handsome picket fence around his property.

—The municipal council met on Saturday afternoon last. The minutes will appear next week.

—The public nuisance ground has been removed north of third avenue and west of Qu'Appelle street.

—The Indians should be warned against killing prairie chickens, now is the close season. Surely white men would not do such a thing.

—Mr. R. Dundas Strong is now on the mend, and his numerous friends will be pleased to hear that his speedy recovery is anticipated.

—Mr. Frank Amas has been appointed agent for the Royal Silverware Co., and is prepared to take orders by samples. They are fine ware.

—The tonsorial artists have each put up new barber poles. Mr. Hockley's parlor presents a very neat and attractive appearance. Being on the west side of the street it is cool and comfortable in the afternoon.

—Mr. James McKelven has accepted an agency for the celebrated Patterson Farm machinery, at Woodstock, Ont. He has received a car load of wagons, plows, barrows, light steel binders, mowers, horse rakes, etc., and will dispose of them at best rates.

—Next Friday is Good Friday.

—Corp. Purches seized a keg of contraband liquor in some Prince Albert goods yesterday.

—There will be service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening next at the usual hour.

—Mr. Wm. Chesterfield, of Balgonie, grew fifty pounds of turnip seed on his farm last season. It is for sale at the Qu'Appelle Medical Hall.

—There was only one case heard at the court here last Friday which was presided over by Judge Richardson. A number of legal gentlemen were present.

—The municipal council has decided to purchase \$50 worth of strychnine at wholesale and dispose of it in dram lots to farmers for the extermination of the gopher.

—Mrs. Paterson, mother of Mr. A. C. Paterson, inspector of weights and measures of this place, was here for a six weeks' visit to her son. She returned to St. Thomas, Ont., on Monday last.

—Mr. W. C. Cameron, the popular manager of the Edgeley farm, returned on Saturday last from Old Scotia and England. He brought with him his bride, formerly Miss Winter. They were married shortly before sailing from the old country. The happy couple are receiving the congratulations of their numerous friends.

—Qu'Appelle Council of Royal Templars have secured the services of the Emerald Trio for holding a series of Temperance meetings in the Methodist church here. The meetings held by the gentlemen composing the Trio are very interesting, being comprised of singing, speaking, anecdotes, etc. The Trio are expected here the first week in May. Further particulars will be given later.

—On Tuesday last a prairie fire came sweeping down upon the buildings of Messrs J. Booth and J. McCimmon, northwest of here, and consumed them. Mr. McKinnon lost 45 bushels of seed wheat besides his buildings which were very good farm houses. Corp. Purches and Con. Baugh have been investigating the origin. Persons who were immediately at the scene saw no one who could have caused the fire. Altho' they think it was purposely fired. It would be a good thing if settlers would have better fire guards than some of them have.

—At the Queen's: J. K. Barratt, W. Whinery, B. J. Nanton, W. M. Donahoe, J. K. McDonald, Winnipeg; H. Rowe, Sinitula; W. G. Simpson, J. C. Wood, Miss Armstrong, T. C. Johnstone, Regina; J. F. Dill, J. F. Fleming, Wolsely; W. Hill, C. Davidson, Toronto; H. Telford and wife, Touchwood; A. Hastings, A. J. Osment, W. A. B. Fishleigh, Alex. Stibbard, W. Anderson, Indian Head; J. Scott, Brandon; John Shannon, T. Murray, G. Murray, Parklands; John McDonald, Mrs. McDonald, Thos. Murray, Sam'l Murray, Seaforth, Ont.

—At the Leland: S. R. Edwards, W. S. Burns, Jas. Harvey, J. W. Munroe, L. C. McIntyre, F. Whiting, J. W. Black, W. Scott, C. McNab, Winnipeg; T. Agnew, S. McLeod, Alex. Stansfield, Prince Albert; Jos. Nox, St. Paul; F. Orms-ton Nichol, Knox College, Toronto; Archie McDonald, Miss McDonald, Dr. and Mrs. Seymour, Fort Qu'Appelle; C. M. Cowper Coles, Maple Creek; Dr. Creamer, S. Beach, D. L. Scott, J. H. Benson, Dixie Watson, Justice Richardson, Regina; W. C. Cameron, Mrs. Cameron, Scotland; A. S. Faulkner, Mr. and Mrs. Woolhouse, England.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

Qu'Appelle hounds meet: Tuesday, at Mr. Webster's, at 9 o'clock.

Friday, at the Kennels, at 9 o'clock.

ULCERATED STOMACH.

"Four three years I was unable to work, suffering from an ulcerated stomach. Married and having failed, I was told to try Barlock's Food Pills, of which 7 bottles made a permanent cure. This was two years ago and I feel that I have to thank B.B.B. for his kind and well to day." Mrs. Rose Ann McCloskey, Marquette, Ont.

METHODIST CHURCH OPENING.

On Sabbath last a small neat church was opened on section 20, tp. 16, range 16, southwest of Qu'Appelle. The building is situated on a very commanding site and may be seen at a distance of eight or ten miles in almost every way. It is in the centre of one of the very best farming districts in Assiniboia; capital land, good water and hay abundant. The only reason that the land is not all taken up must be the distance from the railway, twenty miles from Qu'Appelle, but there are no hills of any importance and a farmer can easily take a load to market and return in a day. The church is a frame building and only finished so far as to be properly enclosed with good drop siding and shingle roof, with good floor, windows and door complete. The seating is only temporary. It is the intention to put under a stone foundation and finish it this summer. The cost to date is a little over \$200, all of which has been paid either in cash or in work by the residents of the neighborhood, except a little assistance generously given by friends at Qu'Appelle. It is the intention not to go into any debt for the finishing, but to work along as they have the means, and have at least one church in the district absolutely free of debt from the opening. It was decided to call the building Fairview church instead of the name, which was by mistake announced in THE PROGRESS last week. The first service was at 10.30 and the house was fairly filled. Rev. Alfred Andrews, of Qu'Appelle, chairman of the Regina District, preached and again at 14 o'clock. After the sermon of the afternoon the church was formerly dedicated. The committee, composed of Messrs. Mitchell, Elliot and Brown, presented the building for dedication. Six persons were received into membership of the church and duly organized as a Methodist Society. Provision is being made for the erection of a suitable building for protection of horses during the services that may be held here. On Sabbath, the 21st, Easter Sabbath, Rev. R. Hallball is to preach in the new church and thereafter as far as possible there is to be preaching service every fortnight and for the other Sabbath an effort is to be made to have a sermon read by one of the residents, so that God's day may be honored by the regular worship of his people.

SABBATH DESECRATION.

To the Editor of the Progress: Sir: On Sunday morning last three young men from St. John's College were engaged during church hours in shooting poppers a short distance north of the College. It would be bad enough for common sinners to be found at such work, but for persons from such an institution, it is too bad altogether. It is well for them that his Lordship was not at home.

X. Y. Z.

MARKET PRICES.

Wheat, No. 1 hard, is going up in price, 85c to \$1.00.
Oats, 22c to 25c.
Barley, 30c to 40c.
Rye, live weight, 4c per lb.
Feed, dressed, 7c.
Pork, dressed, 8c.
Mutton dressed, 12c.
Lard, 20c to 25c per bush.
Cabbage, 12c per lb.
Butter, 25c to 30c.
Eggs, 12c per dozen.
Chickens, 15c per lb.
Turkeys, 12c per lb.
Geese, 12c per lb.

HOME GROWN

SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP

Swede Turnip Seed

25 CENTS PER POUND.

AT THE

MEDICAL HALL,

QU'APPELLE.

\$10 Reward.

STOLEN from Sinitula, 3 ponies, one white horse, one black horse 2 years old one bay mare 2 years old, anyone returning them to HENRY ROWE, Sinitula, will receive the above reward.
April 4, 1889.

R. JOHNSTON

Has just imported from Montreal, a carload of fine Mares and

Two First Class Stallions, One Clydesdale

AND

One Blood Horse.

He has some very fine matched teams of mares, most of them in foal to superior stock.

The above can be seen at Johnston's stables, and may be bought at low figures.

Also a carload of buggies, phaetons & buckboards, which will be sold cheap.

ARRIVED!

Direct from Eastern Manufacturers.

One Carload of

**Parlor Suites,
Bed-room suites,
Lounges,
Easy Chairs,
Sideboards,
Tables,
Chairs of all sorts,**

These Goods will be sold at the Lowest Cash price and we would request intending purchasers to give us a call.

We guarantee Goods and Prices to suit every one.

G. H. V. BULYEA.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

NOW SELLING

AT VERY LOW FIGURES!

MY STOCK OF

**Boots and Shoes,
Clothing, Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY & GROCERIES**

is still very complete. Please give us a call and see for yourself

J. P. BEAUCHAMP.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

THE LELAND HOUSE.

Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated. Everything New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES.

TERMS MODERATE.

